2022 NATIONAL SALT $\mathsf{F}\mathsf{R}$ **REATIONAL FISHERIES**

March 29, 2022

Session 1: Climate Resilient Fisheries



Climate Resilient Fisheries

Jon Hare, NOAA Fisheries

National Saltwater Recreational Fisheries Summit - March 29-30, 2022

U.S. Department of Commerce | National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration | National Marine Fisheries Service

Climate Resilient Fisheries

My role is to help set the stage

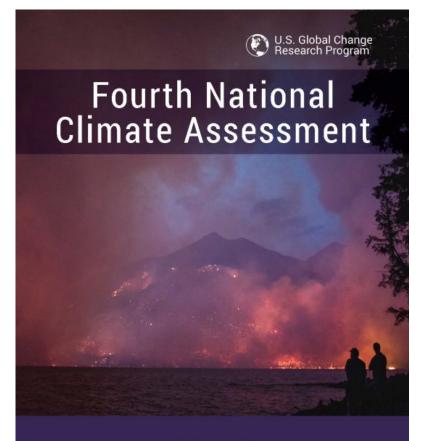
- Climate Change
- Fisheries
- Opportunities and Challenges



https://mcdreeamiemusings.com/blog/2019/1/4/setting-the-stage-the-pre-brief



- warming seas
- ocean acidification
- deoxygenation
- ocean circulation
- precipitation
- sea-level rise
- extreme events

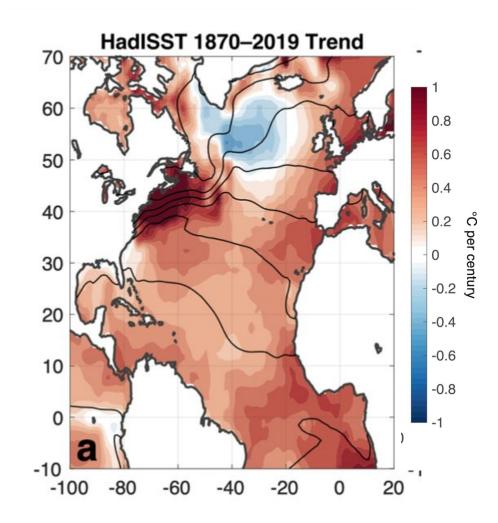


Volume II Impacts, Risks, and Adaptation in the United States

https://www.globalchange.gov/nca4



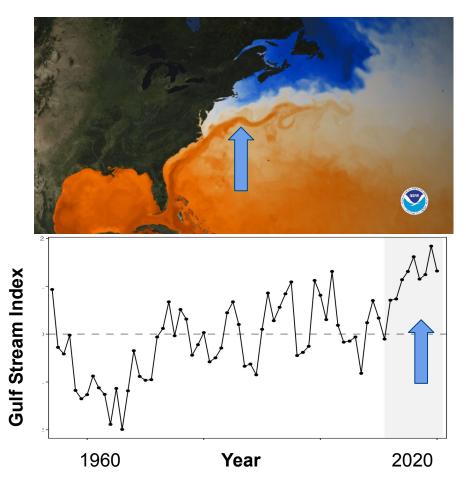
- warming seas
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- extreme events



Karnauskas et al. 2021 Geophysical Research Letters



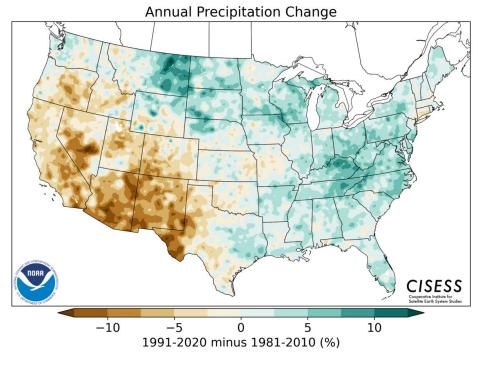
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https://noaa-edab.github.io/tech-doc/gulf-stream-index.html https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/news/gulf-stream-resilience



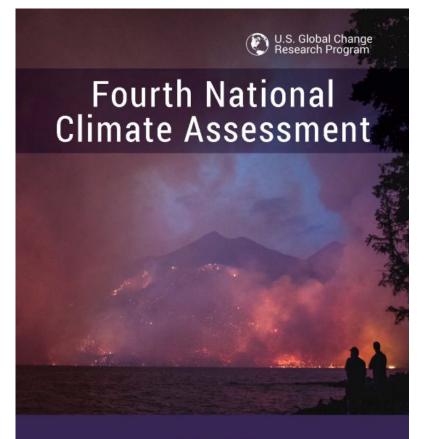
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https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/products/landbased-station/us-climate-normals



- warming seas
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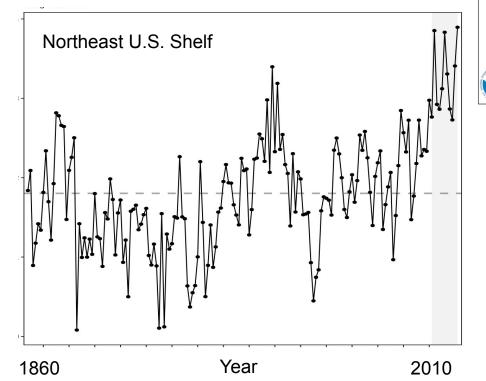
Volume II Impacts, Risks, and Adaptation in the United States

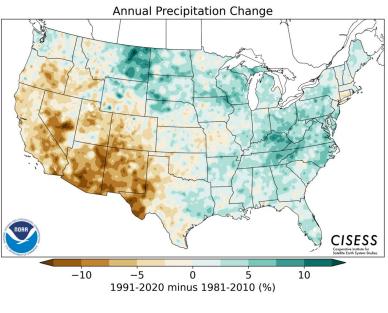
https://www.globalchange.gov/nca4



Sea Surface Temperature (°C)

- Regional differences
- Variability AND change





https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/products/landbased-station/us-climate-normals

https://noaa-edab.github.io/tech-doc/longterm-sea-surface-temperature.html

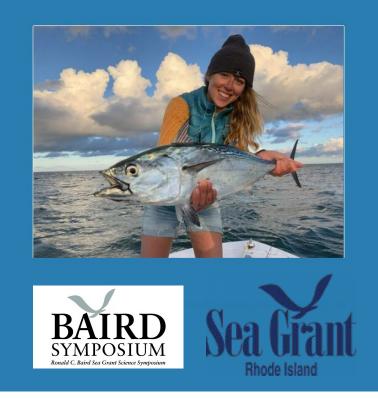


In the Northeast

- catches of king mackerel and mahi mahi
- striped bass overwintering in RI
- decreases in winter flounder productivity

Climate Change Effects on Recreational Fishing and Boating

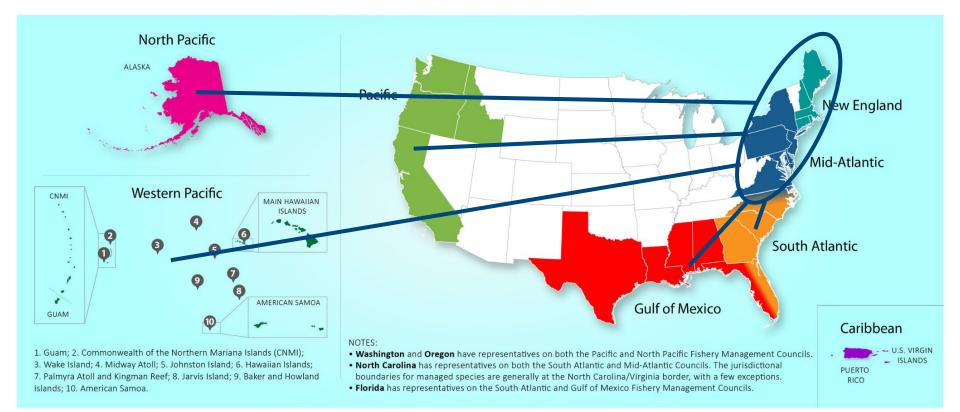
2022



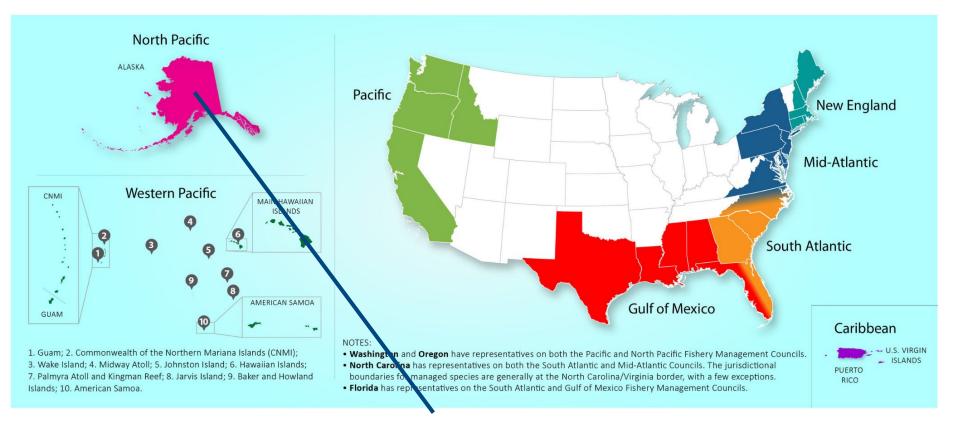
next session April 13 6:30-8:00 PM

https://seagrant.gso.uri.edu/special-programs/baird/





email a friend

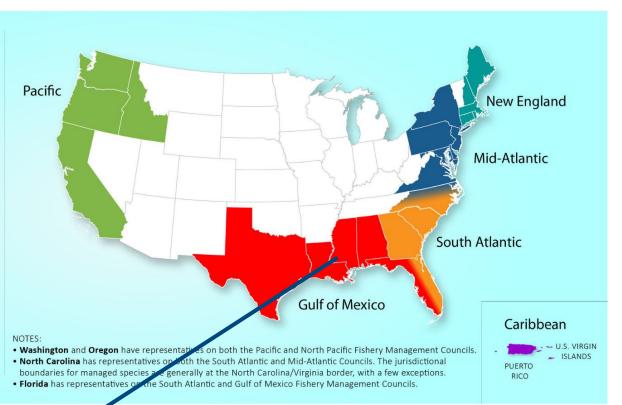


salmon distribution and productivity, halibut productivity





 Guam; 2. Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI);
 Wake Island; 4. Midway Atoll; 5. Johnston Island; 6. Hawaiian Islands;
 Palmyra Atoll and Kingman Reef; 8. Jarvis Island; 9. Baker and Howland Islands; 10. American Samoa.



snook distribution, southern flounder productivity, Florida Bay ecosystem





tuna and billfish distribution and productivity; shoreline constriction and coral bioerosion



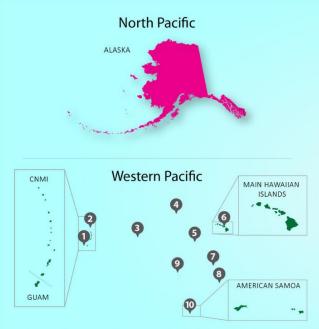


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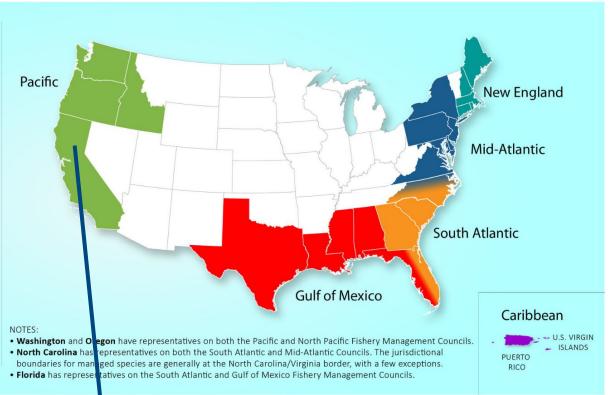


alewife run timing, pink shrimp productivity





 Guam; 2. Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI);
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 Palmyra Atoll and Kingman Reef; 8. Jarvis Island; 9. Baker and Howland Islands; 10. American Samoa.



salmon productivity, rockfish productivity



Climate change affecting:

- distribution
- timing
- productivity
- species interactions
- habitat





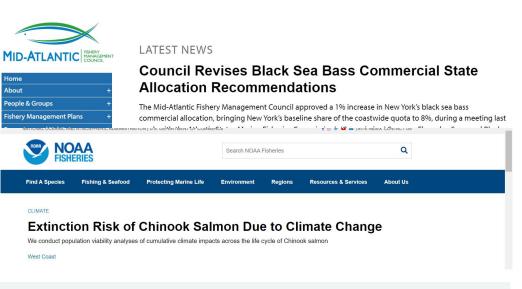
https://www.onthewater.com/news/2014/08/20/36-pou nd-cobia-breaks-rhode-island-record



Challenges & Opportunities

Catching fish is fun; managing fisheries ...

- catch limits
- by-catch / discards
- allocation
- availability
- infrastructure



RISING TIDES

'There's going to be no fishing.' Can Mississippi marshes be saved from sea level rise?

BY ANITA LEE UPDATED OCTOBER 25, 2021 8:26 AM

9 f 🖸 🦰

https://www.mafmc.org/newsfeed/2021/council-revises-black-sea-bass-commercial-state-allocation-recommendations https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/west-coast/climate/extinction-risk-chinook-salmon-due-climate-change https://www.newsobserver.com/news/weather-news/article254873102.html



Challenges & Opportunities

Catching fish is fun; managing fisheries ...

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New Fish On The Block: The Expanding Range Of Black Sea Bass In The Gulf Of Maine



National Fisherman Since 1946

January 10, 2022

Glaciers' retreat could open new Alaska salmon habitat



by Kirk Moore in Alaska, West Coast & Pacific, News

https://www.nationalfisherman.com/alaska/glaciers-retreat-could-ope n-new-alaska-salmon-habitat https://www.manomet.org/event/new-fish-on-the-block-the-expandin g-range-of-black-sea-bass-in-the-gulf-of-maine/



Grand Challenges and Opportunities



Port of Brookings-Harbor



Chinook Salmon

TAL

MDA

Coho Salmon

ATS

Salmon Distribution, CWT

and a second second second second

VU DU MARU

Shasta Reservoir 171 Feet below full elevation

Shasta Reservoir currently at 25% capacity

Whith.

Charles and

Ling Cod and Black Rockfish

Copper and Quillback Rockfish

Albacore Tuna

Pyrosomes Colonial Tunicate







FISHERIES

Tools and Investments: Importance of Habitat for Climate Resilient Fisheries

Conserve habitat to sustain fisheries, recover endangered species, and maintain resilient coastal ecosystems and communities

> Carrie Selberg Robinson, Director Office of Habitat Conservation, NOAA Fisheries

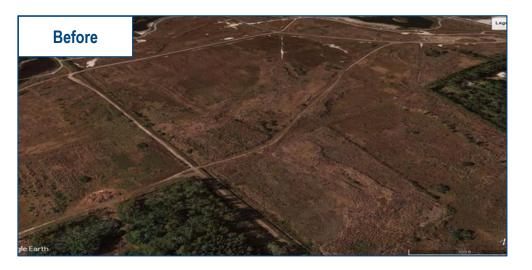
30+ Years of Habitat Restoration Since our creation in 1991, we have:



- Invested more than \$2 billion for restoration activities across the country.
- **Bipartisan Infrastructure Bill:** NOAA Fisheries will be investing another almost \$1B in restoration over the next 5 years!



Robinson Preserve Wetlands Restoration





Upland islands designed for sea level rise



All pictures courtesy of: Manatee County





Ongoing Studies at Robinson Preserve

- Monitoring fish habitat use with seine sampling and sportfish tagging projects
- Conducting visitor surveys and economic analysis to study recreational and community value of the Preserve



Earthen sill and mangroves to exclude predators from the fish nursery habitats will be studied.

Courtesy of: FWC & P. Caldentey, Mote Marine Laboratory

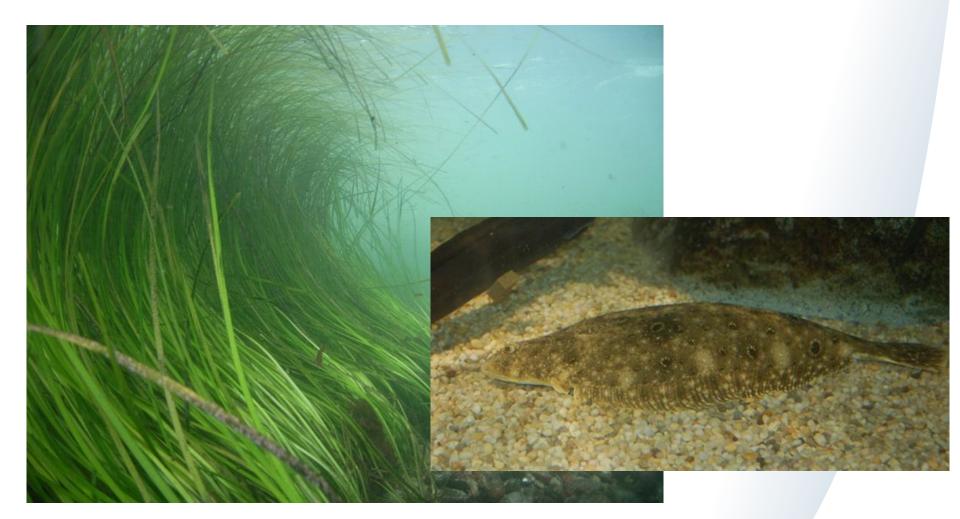


Fish caught in Robinson Feb. '22 and PIT tagged for movement study.



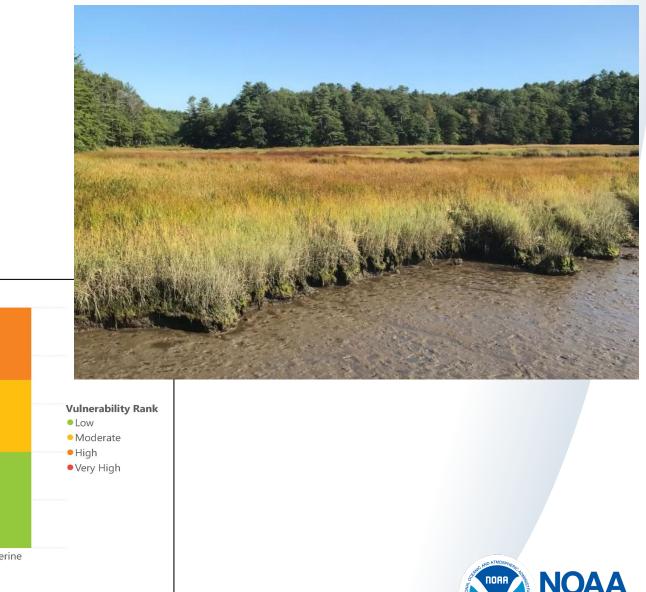
Page 4 U.S. Department of Commerce | National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration | National Marine Fisheries Service

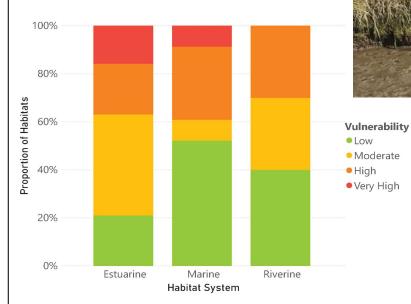
Tools to Help Conserve Habitat for Fish





Habitat Climate Vulnerability Results







Thank you!



EAST COAST CLIMATE CHANGE SCENARIO PLANNING

Kiley Dancy, Mid-Atlantic Fishery Management Council **National Saltwater Recreational Fisheries Summit** March 29, 2022





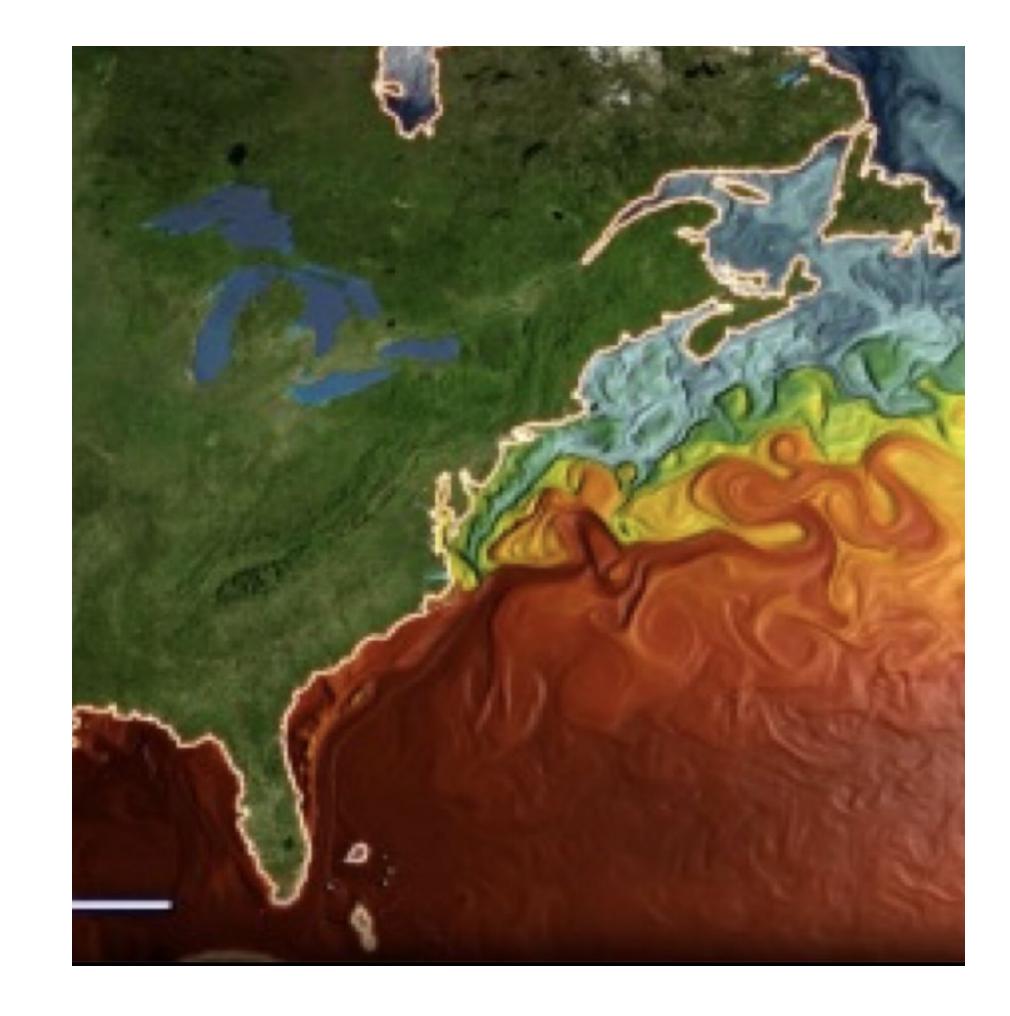






Initiative Objectives

- 1. Explore how East Coast fishery governance and management issues will be affected by climate driven change in fisheries, particularly changing stock availability and distributions.
- 2. Advance a set of tools and processes that provide flexible and robust fishery management strategies, which continue to promote fishery conservation and resilient fishing communities, and address uncertainty in an era of climate change.



What is Scenario Planning?

- A tool for planning and action in the context of an uncertain future
- If we knew that certain conditions would occur in the future, what would we do <u>now</u> to prepare?

What if...

- Species distribution changes accelerate?
- The Gulf Stream continues to move/weaken?

• The frequency and intensity of extreme weather events increases?

• Recreational fishing effort increases or decreases substantially?

Consumer seafood preferences and demand change substantially?

What is Scenario Planning?

Under different assumptions of future conditions:

- Which management actions and governance strategies are likely to be beneficial under a range of future conditions?
- Which management actions and governance strategies should be avoided due to reduced flexibility or increased difficulty of adapting to future conditions?





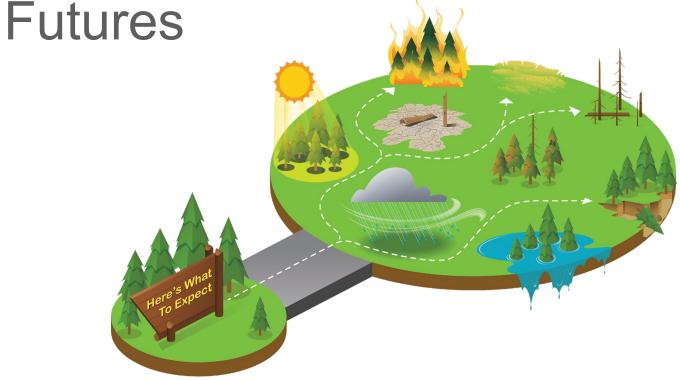


What is Scenario Planning?

- Not a prediction or forecast a framework for allowing explicit consideration of uncertainty in future conditions
- Stimulates creative, innovative thinking
- Avoids focus on narrow view of the future

Planning for One Future

Planning for a Range of



Example: Pacific Fishery Management Council Scenarios (2020)

Fortune and Favor

- Mostly favorable conditions for fish and fisheries
- Many stocks shift northward in predictable ways
- Few severe extreme events
- Societal values move away from globalization, instead
- encourage collective
- support of local fishing

Mostly steady changes, few extreme events

Blue Revolution

- Warmer climate/ocean
- conditions, but little variability
- Familiar stocks gradually
- decline but new subtropical and
- tropical species appear in the
- southern CCE
- Open, globalized commerce encourages
 alternative uses of ocean resources
- Aquaculture and offshore energy puts pressure on commercial fishing

Climate and



Decreases

Increases

Box of Chocolates

- A world of environmental surprises and extremes, but where stock levels increase on average
- Regular "boom and bust" cycles for some key stocks
 - New technology is deployed to better monitor the unpredictable environment
 - Seafood marketing becomes more difficult because of the high variability in availability

ocean conditions

Highly variable conditions, many extreme events

Hollowed Out

- Unpredictable and extreme shifts in ocean conditions lead to a fundamental reorganization of the CCE food web
- Extreme storms and rising tides create regular and damaging inundations
- Only a few stocks remain at harvestable levels and most commercial fisheries suffer
- The nature of coastal activity changes as some places are neglected, others become fortified, commercial hubs

Species abuna /availability

East Coast Scenario Planning Initiative

Steps in this Multi-Year Initiative

Orientation: establish draft objectives, expected outcomes and project focus	Scoping: reach out to stakeholders to gather input on forces of change that could affect fisheries over the next 20 years	Exploration: analyze forces driving change in greater detail
Fall 2020 – Summer 2021	Summer – Fall 2021	Winter 2022

Creation:

conduct workshop sessions to construct and discuss scenarios dations

Application:

use scenarios to identify actions and recommen-

Monitoring:

identify key indicators to monitor change and outline next steps

Summer 2022

Fall 2022-Winter 2023

Scoping Highlights (Summer-Fall 2021)

- Scoping activities :
 - Introductory materials (website, brochures, Ο videos)
 - 3 introductory webinars (over 250 attendees) 0
 - Online questionnaire (383 responses) Ο

EAST COAST CLIMATE CHANGE SCENARIO PLANNING

An initiative designed to prepare fishing communities and fishery managers for an era of climate change

Starting in 2021, the management bodies shown on the right are collaborating on a multi-year scenario planning initiative along the entire US Atlantic seaboard.

Fishing communities and managers have always faced a world of uncertainty. Ocean conditions change frequently and often unpredictably. Adapting to fierce storms, fish showing up in new places or disappearing from accustomed ones, unusually warm (or cold) water, and other changes have always been a part of life for those on or around the ocean.

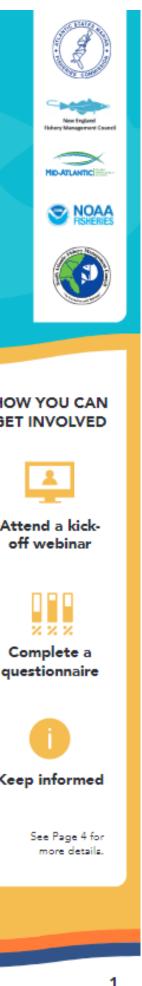
The coming decades promise to be more challenging than the past. Climate change is a growing threat to marine fisheries worldwide. On the East Coast of the United States, some species have already experienced climate-related shifts in distribution, abundance, and productivity. A continuation - or acceleration - of these changes has the potential to strain existing fisheries management and governance systems.

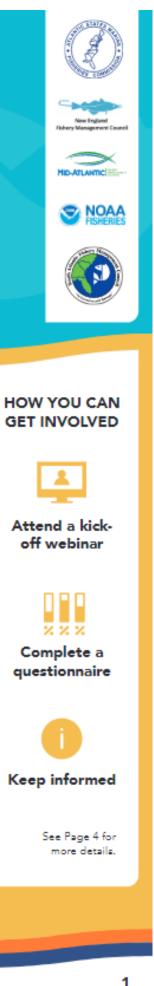
In an era of climate change, we cannot be exactly sure of the conditions we might face in 20 years' time. But one thing is certain: all those involved in fisheries need to prepare for different, unexpected futures.











Scoping Highlights (Summer-Fall 2021)

- Some insights:
 - High level of interest in Ο these issues
 - Stakeholders already 0 seeing effects of climate change
 - Identified range of Ο oceanographic, biological, social & economic drivers of change over next 20 years



Florida species shifting north



Estuarine habitat loss

Black Sea Bas

Some species moving North/East



Changes in productivity and fish size



Shifts in timing or frequency of spawning



Sea level rise impacting boat access





New food web dynamics

Realigning businesses to adapt to new species





Exploration Phase: Drivers of Change

Oceanographic Drivers of Change

February 14, 2022

- 1. Ocean temperature
- 2. Currents
- 3. Long term cycles
- 4. Cold pool
- 5. Water chemistry
- 6. Primary production
- 7. Extreme weather
- 8. Sea level rise

Biological Drivers of Change

- 7. Distribution changes
- 8. Productivity changes
- 9. Seasonal timing
- 10.Habitat vulnerability
- 11. Disease & Harmful Algal Blooms

February 23, 2022

Social & Economic Drivers of Change

March 2, 2022

- 12. Population growth & demographics
- 13. External cost factors
- 14. Infrastructure and working waterfronts
- 15. Consumer demand and market dynamics
- 16. Technological change
- 17. Competing ocean uses
- 18. Social vulnerability & environmental justice



Next Phases: Scenario Creation, Applications,

Steps in this Multi-Year Initiative

Orientation:

establish draft objectives, expected outcomes and project focus

Scoping:

reach out to stakeholders to gather input on forces of change that could affect fisheries over the next 20 years

Fall 2020 – Summer 2021

Summer – Fall 2021

Exploration:

analyze forces driving change in greater detail

Winter 2022

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Application:

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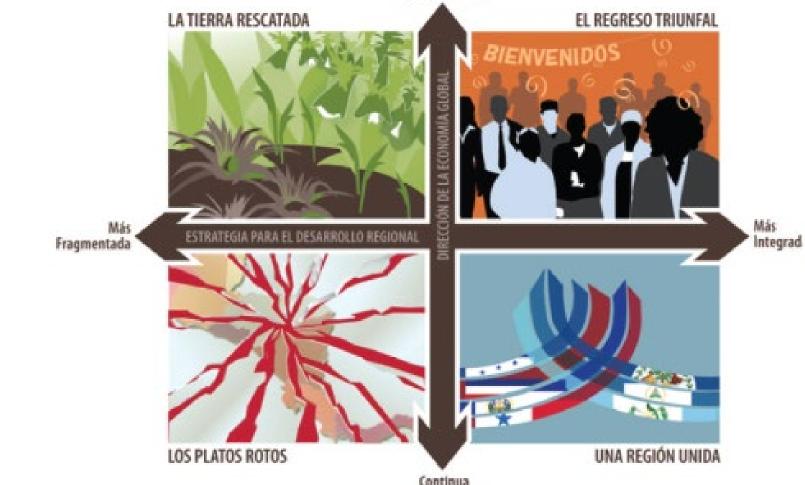
Summer 2022

Fall 2022-Winter 2023

Scenario Creation Workshop: June 2022

- Create 3-5 different scenarios to consider how climate change might affect East Coast fisheries in the next 20 years
- Different possible combinations of oceanographic, biological, and socioeconomic conditions
- Plausible, challenging, relevant, memorable stories that describe what we might face over the next 20 years







Scenario Creation Workshop: June 2022

- 2.5 day in person workshop
- Approximately 75 participants to be selected based on responses to online application available soon at https://www.mafmc.org/climate-changescenario-planning
- Strive for balance across stakeholder groups, regions, involvement in current process & new voices
- Partial webinar streaming (plenary) discussions only) J /



Following the Workshop: Scenario "Deepening": Late Summer

- A series of 'scenario deepening' webinars: seek comment on storylines are fleshed out and as relevant as possible
- Opportunity for involvement for those unable to attend the workshop

scenarios created at the workshop, adding details so that the

Application Phase: Fall 2022-Winter 2023 Use scenarios as a platform to discuss future fishery governance and management issues:

- How well would our current systems work if these new scenario conditions were to occur?
- What would need to change to better prepare for these scenario possibilities?
- What are the tools and processes that need to be advanced now to ensure that fisheries are governed and managed effectively in an era of climate change?





Project Outputs

A set of scenarios a few stories that describe – in qualitative terms – different ways in which a changing climate might affect the future of East Coast fisheries

A better understanding of the challenges and opportunities facing fishery management in the future

A set of near-term and long-term management priorities that help achieve fishery management objectives under a range of different future conditions Policy recommendations for broader governance changes that improve our ability to adapt to future scenarios

 A list of data gaps, research needs, and monitoring needs for changing conditions

A framework for ongoing conversation and idea generation for all stakeholders to use

For Additional Information

- https://www.mafmc.org/climate-change-scenario-planning
- kdancy@mafmc.org
- Core Team:

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MAFMC	Kiley
ASMFC	Ton
NMFS GARFO	Trav
NEFMC	Deirdr
NMFS NEFSC	Sear
SAFMC	Roger
NMFS SERO	Karl
NMFS HQ	Wendy
Process Facilitator	Jonathan Star

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