



Working towards healthy, self-sustaining populations for all Atlantic coast fish species or successful restoration well in progress by 2015

State Implementation Plans for Addendum II to the Coastal Sharks FMP

Spiny Dogfish and Coastal Sharks Management Board August 8, 2013



Overview



- ➤ Addendum II was approved in May 2013, and will be implemented January 1, 2014
 - ➤ Fin-to-carcass ratio aspect could be implemented any time after May 21, 2013
- >States submitted implementation plans by July 15, 2013 to meet the requirements of Addendum II
- ➤ PRT reviewed implementation plans and has the following recommendations



Elements of Compliance



- 1) Ability to implement and monitor a quota with the authority to close fishery if necessary
- 2) Maximum fin-to-carcass ratio of 12-to-88



Quota Monitoring and Possession Limits



- ➤ All states with a state-share except NJ and CT have or will have the ability to monitor and close smoothhound fishery by January 1, 2014
- ➤ New Jersey and Connecticut will wait until the coastwide quota is implemented
 - ➤ Both have the ability to respond quickly once the quota is implemented
- >States are waiting until the coastwide quota is known to submit their possession limits



States with No Allocation



- ➤ Georgia, Florida and New Hampshire do not have any allocation
- ➤ Requiring these states to prohibit landings of smoothhounds would be an unnecessary burden
- ➤ The PRT recommends that should any of these states harvest smoothhound sharks, they request a quota transfer from another state



Fin-to-Carcass Ratio



State	Fin-to-carcass Ratio
ME	fins naturally attached
NH	fins naturally attached
MA	fins naturally attached
RI	12-to-88
CT	5-to-95; dorsal
	attached
NY	fins naturally attached
NJ	12-to-88



Fin-to-Carcass Ratio



State	Fin-to-Carcass Ratio
DE	8-to-92 for dorsal/pectoral;
	4-to-96 for caudal fin set
MD	8-to-92 for dorsal/pectoral;
	4-to-96 for caudal fin set
VA	12-to-88
NC	12-to-88
SC	fins naturally attached
GA	fins naturally attached
FL	fins naturally attached



Maine's de minimis request



- ➤ Maine requested *de minimis* for Addendum II
- ➤ Allocated 0.02% of the coastwide quota
- > Smoothhound sharks rarely occur in Maine waters
- ➤ PRT and TC recommend granting *de minimis* with the provision that should Maine exceed its allocation in any year, the state will put a mechanism in place to close the fishery



General Recommendations



- ➤ Approve implementation plans for all states and confirm compliance when coastwide quota is implemented
- ➤ Approve Maine's *de minimis* request with the recommended provision (should Maine exceed its quota in any given year, the state would put in place regulations to enable closure of the fishery)





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Draft Addendum III to the Interstate FMP for Coastal Sharks for Public Comment Approval

Spiny Dogfish and Coastal Sharks Management Board August 8, 2013



Addendum Development Process



May 2013

Draft Addendum for Public Comment Developed

August 2013

Board Reviews Draft and Makes Any Necessary Changes



TBD

Public Comment Period

TBD

Management Board Review, Selection of Management Measures and Final Approval



1.0 Introduction



- ➤ Highly Migratory Species Amendment 5a addressed recent stock assessment findings for scalloped hammerhead, blacknose and sandbar sharks
- Established new species groupings for hammerhead and blacknose sharks, and new commercial quotas and recreational size limit for all hammerhead sharks (effective July 3, 2013 and August 2, 2013, respectviely)



2.1 Statement of the Problem

- ➤ Key goal of the Coastal Sharks FMP is to maintain consistency between NOAA Fisheries and the ISFMP
- ➤ The new species groups, quotas and recreational size limit result in inconsistencies



2.2 Background



- State waters follow federal waters for openings and closures in the Large Coastal Sharks and Small Coastal Sharks groups
 - ➤ When 80% of the quota is expected to be harvested, NOAA Fisheries closes fishery
- ➤ NOAA Fisheries removed hammerheads and blacknose sharks from their respective groups, and established new species groups and quotas



2.2 Background Continued



- Current recreational size limit for hammerheads is 54 inches FL
- ➤ Stock assessment found that female scalloped hammerhead sharks reach maturity at 78 inches FL
 - ➤ New size limit limits retention to mature individuals



Issue 1: Establishing New Species Groups and Quota



- **➢Option A. Status Quo**
 - ➤ ASMFC will not change the species groupings in the ISFMP.
- ➤ Option B. Measures Consistent with HMS Amendment 5a.



Amendment 5a Species Groupings and Linkages



Hammerhead	Aggregated LCS
scalloped hammerhead	bull
great hammerhead	lemon
smooth hammerhead	nurse
	silky
	spinner
	tiger
	Atlantic blacktip



Amendment 5a Species Groupings and Linkages



Non-blacknose SCS	Blacknose
finetooth	Atlantic blacknose
bonnethead	
Atlantic sharpnose	



Issue 2: Recreational Size Limits

- **➢Option A:** Status Quo.
 - ➤ ASMFC will not change the recreational size limit for hammerhead sharks.
- ➤ Option B: Measures Consistent with HMS Amendment 5a.
 - Smooth hammerhead, scalloped hammerhead and great hammerhead sharks will have a 78 inches FL recreational size limit. All other recreational measures will remain the same.



Public Comments and Hearings



- ➤ If approved for public comment, states will be responsible for holding public hearings due to constraints in the budget
 - >Staff will provide all materials necessary to the states that wish to hold public hearings